

Green Mark 2021

Whole Life Carbon

The Whole life Carbon section looks at the projects carbon footprint, with a focus on embodied carbon, the use of sustainable construction or retrofit materials and methods, as well as the role of tenants and their fit outs. The section will also evaluate building owners on their transition towards carbon neutrality at the asset level, translating the corporate objectives into tangible outcomes, as well as their support for tenants to do the same.

The GM 2021 Whole life Carbon section (Cn) has been created leveraging leading international movements such as the World Green Building Council's Net Zero Carbon Buildings commitment, and professional standards such as the RICS Whole life carbon assessments for the built environment.

The section has been refined through a collaborative approach with the Singapore Green Building Council, the National Environment Agency, the JTC corporation and the Public Utilities Board.



Helps projects meet targets under the following SDGs



WHOLE LIFE CARBON					
CN1 CARBON		Green Mark Points			
CN1.1 Whole Life Car	bon	New	Existing		
CN1.1 Whole Life Carbon (WLC) Assessment					
Whole Life carbon asse EN 15804.	ssmen	t consistent with EN 1597	8 and		
Useful references: <u>https:// website/media/news/wholenvironment-november-2</u>	<u>/www.ric</u> /e-life-ca 017.pdf	cs.org/globalassets/rics- arbon-assessment-for-theb	<u>uilt-</u>		
https://www.architecture.c carbon-assessment-for-ar Documents/11241WholeL	com/-/m rchitects .ifeCarb	edia/GatherContent/Whole-li s/Additional- onGuidancev7pdf.pdf	i <u>fe-</u>	(i) <u>Non Residential:</u>	(i) <u>Non Residential:</u>
(i) Minimum Scope F	Require	ement of WLC Assessm	ent	3 points	N.A
Minimum Scope of	WLC a	Issessment		<u>Residential:</u>	Residential:
Building elements to be included	1.Su 2.Su	bstructure perstructure		3 points	N.A
Lifecycle stages to be included	Lifecycle stages to be included 1. Product stage [A1-A3] 2. Construction Stage [A4-A5] 3. Maintenance Stage [B2] Façade 4. Replacement Stage [B4] ACMV 5. Operational Energy [B6]				
 New building projects that conduct the full scope of WLC assessment will score up to additional 2 points under the Innovation section. New building projects scoring under CN1.1(A) will be excluded from scoring under CN 1.1(B)(i) (ii) Embodied Carbon Computation 			(ii) <u>Non Residential:</u> 0.5 point for (a) 1 point for (b) OR 2 points for (c)	(ii) <u>Non Residential:</u> 1 point for (a) N.A for (b) OR N.A for (c)	
 a) Calculation of embodied carbon of the development Using the BCA Embodied Carbon calculator <u>or</u> embodied carbon software tools which are linked to robust carbon data sets such as the Inventory of Carbon and Energy (ICE) database, the RICS Building Carbon Database, etc. b) >10% Reduction from the reference embodied 		<u>Residential:</u> 0.5 point for (a); 1 point for (b) OR	<u>Residential:</u> 1 point for (a) N.A for (b) OR		
carbon (for Co c) >30% Reduction carbon (for Co	 carbon (for Concrete, Glass and Steel) >30% Reduction from the reference embodied carbon (for Concrete, Glass and Steel) 		2 points for (c)	N.A for (c) (ii) is applicable only to Existing Buildings with	
		Reference values (kgCO2e/m2)			Addition and Alteration (A&A) works involving
Non-Residential 1000		1000			additional gross
Residential		1500			with new
Industrial2500(Reference values based on A1-A4 emissions for superstructure)				construction, addition of floors with independent substructures	

CN1.2 2030 Transition Plan	New	Existing
Carbon and Energy transition plan - delineates steps to	Non Residential:	Non Residential:
under assessment, based on scope 1 and 2 emissions.	1 point	5 points
Timelines and strategies shall be clearly articulated with tracking mechanisms, covers the areas under the building owner's control.	Residential:	<u>Residential:</u>
See WGBC Net zero Carbon commitment https://www.worldgbc.org/thecommitment	1 point	1 point
CN1 Carbon	5 Points total	

WHOLE LIFE CARBON						
CN2 Construction		Green Mark Points				
CN2.1 Sustainable Consti	ruction	New	Existing Buildings			
Use of sustainable constru reduce environmental impa (i) Design with Low C	iction materials cts of the constr UI		(Applicable only to Existing Buildings with Addition and Alteration (A&A) works involving			
Building Type	С	UI		additional gross floor area (GFA) with new		
Non Residential	≤ 0.35			construction,		
Residential	≤ 0.45			addition of floors with independent		
Industrial	≤ 0.45			substructures)		
			Non Residential:	Non Residential:		
(ii) Adoption of sustair	hable building sy	stems and	1 point for (i)	1 point for (i)		
Design for Manufa that minimise reso to a greater integra	cturing and Asse urce use and wa ution of compone	embly (DfMA) iste, with a view ents and	1 point for (ii)	1 point for (ii)		
systems. The follow and severally base constructed floor a	systems. The following can be considered jointly and severally based on % coverage over			0.5/0.75/1 point for (iii)		
a) Advanced prec	a) Advanced precast concrete system (APCS)			0.5point for fine/coarse agg.		
b) Structural Steel			1point for both	1point for both		
 d) Prefabricated Prefinished Volumetric Construction (PPVC) 			coarse and fine agg. replacement for (iv)	coarse and fine agg. replacement for (iv)		
e) Hybrid structur	al system of:					
i) Structural	Steel and Preca	st Concrete; or		5		
ii) MET and S Concrete	ii) MET and Structural Steel/ Precast Concrete			2 points for (i)		
Building Type	Building Type Adoption of Sustainable B		1 point for (ii),	1 point for (ii),		
Non-Residential	≥ 50% of CFA		0.5/0.75/1 point for (iii)	0.5/0.75/1 point for (iii)		
Residential	≥ 55% of CFA		0 Engint for	0 Engint for		
 (iii) Use of Low Carbon Concrete certified by SGBC or equivalent local certification bodies (using CEM II – V cements under SS EN 197-1) for ≥ 80% of applicable superstructure works by volume 			0.5point for fine/coarse agg. replacement; 1point for both coarse and fine agg. replacement for (iv)	0.5point for fine/coarse agg. replacement; 1point for both coarse and fine agg. replacement for (iv)		
Concrete categories		Points				
Concrete products that least SGBP 2 ticks or administered by local bodies	at achieve at equivalent certification	0.5				

	Concrete products that achieve at least SGBP 3 ticks or equivalent administered by local certification bodies			0.75			
	Concrete products that achieve at least SGBP 4 ticks or equivalent administered by local certification bodies						
((iv) Replacement of coarse and fine aggregates for structural concrete applications [by mass of RCA, WCS, granite fines (GF)] must meet both minimum requirements in terms of <u>extent of usage</u> and <u>replacement levels</u> as shown in the table below: 						
	Minimum Requirement	RCA	wcs	GF			
	Extent of usage	≥ 1.5% x GFA	≥ 0.75% x GFA	≥ 1.5% x GFA	_		
	Replacement amount (%)	≥ 20%	≤ 10%	≥ 50%			
CN2	.2 Sustainable I	Products &	Finishes				
	 (i) ≥ 60%* (by cost) or ≥ 80%* (by areas) of the 			Non Residential:	Non Residential:		
	Architectural and applicable landscaping works are at least SGBP 2 ticks or equivalent administered					1 point for (i)	2 points for (i)
	(ii) \geq 60%* (by cost) of Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing (MEP) systems are SCRP costified or				Residential:	Residential:	
	equivalent administered by local certification bodies				2 point for (i)	2 points for (i)	
* 1 sh Pr	* The coverage of ≥ 60% (by cost) or 80% (by areas) should include minimally at least 3 building Products/Finishes.				1 point for (ii)	3 points for (ii)	
CN2 Mana	.3 Conservation agement	n, Resource	e Recovery	y and Wast	e		
	 (i) To encourage conservation of existing building structure, recovery of demolished building materials for reuse and/or recycling and waste management. Existing structures are conserved 			Non Residential:	Non Residential:		
				1 point for (i) 1 point for (ii)	N.A		
((ii) Existing structures are demolished with an enhanced demolition protocol, where a recovery					1 point for (iii)	

 rate of ≥ 40% crushed concrete waste from the demolished building is sent to approved recyclers with proper facilities. (iii) Appointment of environmental specialists during construction stage – The main builder is a BCA Green and Gracious Builder with Merit or above rating and has ISO14001 certification. 	<u>Residential:</u> 1 point for (i) 1 point for (ii) 1 point for (iii)	<u>Residential:</u> N.A
CN2 Construction	5 Points total	

WHOLE LIFE CARBON				
CN3 Fit Out	Green Mark Points			
CN3.1 Green Lease	New	Existing		
A comprehensive Green Lease* (or equivalent) to be incorporated into the tenancy agreement, that establishes agreed levels of environmental performance between the landlord and the tenant for	Non Residential:	Non Residential:		
 (i) ≥ 50% of the net lettable area (ii) ≥ 70% of the net lettable area (iii) Every tenant 	1 point for (i) 2 points for (ii)	1 point for (i) 2 points for (ii)		
*The Green Lease should include at a minimum: principles relating to energy, water, waste, environmental management and procurement including materials, fit-out as well as facility management practices.	3 points for (iii) <u>Residential:</u>	3 points for (iii) <u>Residential:</u>		
Example template is available:	N.A	N.A		
BCA Green Lease Toolkit: Office/Retail/Industrial Green Schedule: <u>https://www1.bca.gov.sg/docs/default-source/docs-</u> <u>corp-buildsg/sustainability/green-lease-</u> <u>toolkit.docx?sfvrsn=3c597a12_4</u>				
CN3.2 Fit Out Products				
 (i) ≥ 80% (by cost or area) of the fit-out materials used (construction and finishes) for common areas (i.e. non-tenanted spaces) shall be at least SGBP 2 ticks or equivalent administered by local certification bodies (ii) ≥ 80% (by cost or area) of the fit-out materials used (construction and finishes) for tenanted spaces/ dwelling units shall be conserved or at least SGBP 2 ticks or equivalent administered by local certification bodies <i>Fit out products with EPD certification can score additional points at Innovation section</i> 	Non Residential: 1 point for (i) 1 point for (ii) Residential: 1 point for (i) 2 points for (ii)	Non Residential: 1 point for (i) 1 point for (ii) Residential: 2 points for (i) N.A for (ii)		

CN3.3 Tenancy Offsets		
Non Residential: The building owner requires and actively assists the tenants to offset their operational energy through the procurement of renewables, or through the ongoing purchase of certified carbon offsets. (i) ≥ 30% of tenants (by NLA) (ii) ≥ 60% of tenants (by NLA) (iii) ≥ 90% of tenants (by NLA) 	<u>Non Residential:</u> N.A	Non Residential: 1 point for (i) 2 points for (ii) 3 points for (iii)
Residential:The building owner (e.g. MCST) offset their common areas operational energy through the procurement of renewables, or through the ongoing purchase of certified carbon offsets.(i) ≥ 30% of common areas consumption (ii) ≥ 60% of common areas consumption (iii) ≥ 90% of common areas consumption	Residential: 1 point for (i) 2 points for (ii) 3 points for (iii)	Residential: 1 point for (i) 2 points for (ii) 3 points for (iii)
CN3 Fit Out	5 Points total	

CN - INNOVATION				
	Green Ma	rk Points		
	New	Existing		
Where projects can demonstrate substantial performance to a specific Carbon indicator or outcome innovation points can be awarded on a case by case basis. Points shall be awarded based on the strength of evidence of benefits and potential impact.				
Process:	Up to 2 points	Up to 2 points		
 At Design / Pre-retrofit stage The project team is to submit a concise summary that articulates: The nature of the environmental benefit of their intervention Justify the impact of the intervention through detailed calculations and comparisons with industry norms Substantiate the calculations and comparisons with evidence and data. At Verification (As Built/ In Operation): Details of the implemented intervention including measurements and monitoring of the environmental performance including lessons learnt if the intervention does not perform as expected. <i>Examples:</i> <i>Full scope of Whole Life Carbon (WLC) Assessment</i> 				
Use of NEWSand in non-structural applications				
 Use of carbon mineralisation technologies Use of 100% granite fines as aggregate replacement 				
Recognising products with EPDs				
 Recognising design for Disassembly/Future adaptability - to facilitate future changes and dismantlement (in part or whole) for recovery of systems, components and materials. 				
CN INNOVATION	2 Points total	1		



Developed by:



In collaboration with:





