

Our ref : APPBCA-2025-03
03 Mar 2025

See Distribution List

Dear Sir/Madam

UPDATES TO THE APPROVED DOCUMENT (1 MARCH 2025)

This circular is to inform the industry on the update to the Approved Document with reference to BCA circular ref: APPBCA-2025-03 issued on 3 Mar 2025.

2 The update to the 'Approved Document' comprises mostly editorial changes, which are meant to improve clarity. Other than that, the rest of the updates comprises removal of references to the old BS/SS standards, rule relaxation and streamlining. The updates shall apply to **all projects for which the first set of plans is submitted to the Commissioner of Building Control for approval on or after 1 September 2025.**

3 For your information, a table highlighting all updates and relevant explanatory comments is provided in Annex A. An electronic copy of the updated Approved Document can be downloaded from BCA's website from 1 March 2025 from this link:

https://www1.bca.gov.sg/docs/default-source/docs-corp-regulatory/approved-document-v7-07.pdf?sfvrsn=5be1dd75_1

4 We would appreciate if you could share this circular with your members. If you need any further clarifications, please contact us through BCA's Online Feedback Form at <https://www.bca.gov.sg/feedbackform/>.

5 Thank you.

Yours faithfully



AR. ONG YU ZI JANE
DIRECTOR
BUILDING PLAN AND POLICIES DEPARTMENT
BUILDING PLAN AND MANAGEMENT GROUP
BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY
For COMMISSIONER OF BUILDING CONTROL

Annex A –AMENDMENTS TO THE APPROVED DOCUMENT 1 MARCH 2025

CURRENT VERSION 7.06	1 MARCH 2025 VERSION 7.07	COMMENTS
Section B STRUCTURAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION		
<p>B.3.1 ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION</p> <p>B.3.1a Structural design standards based on the Eurocodes will co-exist with the Singapore/British design standards. During this co-existence period, either the current Singapore/British design standards or the Eurocodes are acceptable standards as set out in paragraphs B.3.2 to B.3.7. However, inappropriate mixing the new Eurocode design standards with the current Singapore/British design standards within the same building design will not be acceptable.</p>	<p>B.3.1 ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION</p> <p>B.3.1a Structural design standards shall be based on the Eurocode will co-exist with the Singapore/British design standards. During this co-existence period, either the current Singapore/British design standards or the Eurocodes are acceptable standards as set out in paragraphs B.3.2 to B.3.7. However, inappropriate Mixing the new Eurocode design standards with the old superseded current Singapore/British design standards within the same building design is will not be acceptable.</p>	<p><i>Remove the reference to old, superseded Singapore/British Standards</i></p>
<p>B.3.1c Similar to the design standards, the use of Eurocodes will require the product and execution standards to be based on the equivalent Singapore/European standards. Annex B provides a comparative table showing all the standards that are applicable for each of the option.</p>	<p>B.3.1c Similar to the design standards, the use of the Eurocodes will require the product and execution standards to be based on the equivalent Singapore/European standards. Annex B provides a comparative table showing all the standards that are applicable for each of the option.</p>	<p><i>Remove the reference to old, superseded Singapore/British Standards</i></p>

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<p>B.3.2 Load</p> <p>B.3.2.1 The building shall be able to resist loads determined in accordance with the following Standards –</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="165 517 772 831"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type of Loads</th> <th>When adopting Eurocodes</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(d) Imposed roof loads</td> <td>(i) Actions on structures – General actions - Actions on structures - General actions - Densities, self-weight and imposed loads for buildings - SS EN 1991 - 1-1.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type of Loads	When adopting Eurocodes	(d) Imposed roof loads	(i) Actions on structures – General actions - Actions on structures - General actions - Densities, self-weight and imposed loads for buildings - SS EN 1991 - 1-1.	<p>B.3.2 Loads</p> <p>B.3.2.1 The building shall be able to resist loads determined in accordance with the following Standards –</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="985 517 1774 802"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type of Loads</th> <th>When adopting Eurocodes Standards</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(d) Imposed roof loads</td> <td>(i) Actions on structures – General actions - Actions on structures – General actions – Densities, self-weight and imposed loads for buildings - SS EN 1991 - 1-1.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type of Loads	When adopting Eurocodes Standards	(d) Imposed roof loads	(i) Actions on structures – General actions - Actions on structures – General actions – Densities, self-weight and imposed loads for buildings - SS EN 1991 - 1-1.	
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<p>B.3.3 Structural Design</p> <p>B.3.3.1 The design of the building structures shall comply with the following Standards –</p>	<p>B.3.3 Structural Design</p> <p>B.3.3.1 The design of the building structures shall comply with the following Standards –</p>	<p><i>Remove the reference to old, superseded Singapore/ British Standards</i></p>								

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	<p>a) The structural elements of ERSS shall be designed with an adequate safety factor that is not less than that of permanent structural works carried out in the same project.</p> <p>b) The allowable maximum wall deflection limits shall be limited to 0.5%H for Zone 1; 0.7%H for Zone 2; 0.7%H (Ground Type A) and 1.0%H (Ground Type B) for Zone 3, where –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) H is the excavation depth; (ii) Zone 1 is denoted as where there are existing structures within a distance of H from the edge of the excavation; (iii) Zone 2 is denoted as where there are existing structures within a zone of between H and 2H from the edge of the excavation. (iv) Zone 3 is denoted as where existing structures are more than 2H from the edge of the excavation. Ground Type A refers to over-consolidated stiff clays and silts, residual soils, and medium to dense sands; and Ground Type B refers to soft clays (including treated soft clays), silts or organic soils extending to or below formation level (e.g. Kallang Formation) and loose fills. 	<p><i>stabilizing structures</i></p>

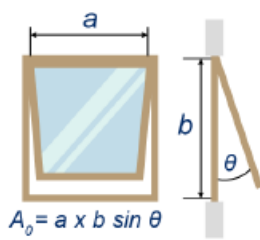
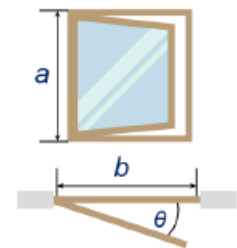
CURRENT VERSION 7.06	1 MARCH 2025 VERSION 7.07	COMMENTS
	<p>c) The allowable wall deflection limits shall also address the prevention of damage to neighbouring buildings or structures arising from ground deformations.</p> <p>d) In any case, the QP shall adopt the more stringent value determined in b) and c) above and specify in the ERSS plan the allowable wall deflection as work suspension level (WSL) for inclinometer and 70% of WSL as the Alert Level. When the work suspension level is reached, work must be stopped, and immediate measures shall be implemented to remove any danger that is likely to cause a risk of injury or damage to adjoining properties.</p> <p>To ensure the structural stability of the excavation system or to ensure the structural stability of the deep excavation system, the use of ground improvement measures such as jet grout piles (JGP), or grout mixed piles (GMP) or deep cement mixing (DCM) shall be restricted to ground strengthening or soil improvement works. It shall not be used as part of the support system or compressive strutting system or as embedded retaining walls. Movement during the installation of the ground improvement block or layer shall be monitored with appropriate allowable limits. If ground improvement layer is used to fulfil part of the stability requirement, the wall embedment shall be extended to such a depth that the minimum factor of safety (FOS) against basal heave</p>	

CURRENT VERSION 7.06	1 MARCH 2025 VERSION 7.07	COMMENTS								
	of the ERSS alone (without consideration of ground improvement layer) shall be not less than 1.1.									
<p>B.3.4 Site Investigation and Instrumentation</p> <p>B.3.4.1 Site investigation and instrumentation shall be carried out in accordance with the following Standards –</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="165 663 943 1115"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="165 663 468 839">When adopting Singapore or British design standards</th> <th data-bbox="468 663 943 839">When adopting Eurocodes</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="165 839 468 1115">(i) Code of practice for site investigations – BS 5930; and Method of test for soils for civil engineering purposes – BS1377.</td> <td data-bbox="468 839 943 1115">Geotechnical design – Ground investigation and testing - SS EN 1997- 2.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	When adopting Singapore or British design standards	When adopting Eurocodes	(i) Code of practice for site investigations – BS 5930; and Method of test for soils for civil engineering purposes – BS1377.	Geotechnical design – Ground investigation and testing - SS EN 1997- 2.	<p>B.3.4 Site Investigation and Instrumentation</p> <p>B.3.4.1 Site investigation and instrumentation shall be carried out in accordance with the following Standards –</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="985 663 1774 1110"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="985 663 1373 820">When adopting Singapore or British design standards Type of Works</th> <th data-bbox="1373 663 1774 820">When adopting Eurocodes Standards</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="985 820 1373 1110">(ii) Code of practice for site investigations – BS 5930; and Method of test for soils for civil engineering purposes – BS1377. (a) Site Investigation and Instrumentation</td> <td data-bbox="1373 820 1774 1110">(i) Geotechnical design – Ground investigation and testing - SS EN 1997- 2. (ii) Method of test for soils for civil engineering purposes – BS1377</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	When adopting Singapore or British design standards Type of Works	When adopting Eurocodes Standards	(ii) Code of practice for site investigations – BS 5930; and Method of test for soils for civil engineering purposes – BS1377. (a) Site Investigation and Instrumentation	(i) Geotechnical design – Ground investigation and testing - SS EN 1997- 2. (ii) Method of test for soils for civil engineering purposes – BS1377	<p><i>Amend table by removing the references to the old, superseded Singapore/ British standards</i></p>
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CURRENT VERSION 7.06	1 MARCH 2025 VERSION 7.07	COMMENTS
Section E STAIRCASES		
<p>E.3.6 Handrails</p> <p>E.3.6.3 Handrails shall:</p> <p>a) have a circular section from 32mm to 50mm in diameter or an equivalent gripping surface as shown in Code on Accessibility in the Built Environment, Clause 4.7.31(b); and</p>	<p>E.3.6 Handrails</p> <p>E.3.6.3 Handrails shall:</p> <p>a) have a circular section from 32mm to 50mm in diameter or an equivalent gripping surface as shown in Code on Accessibility in the Built Environment, Clause 4.7.31(b); and</p>	<p><i>Editorial Change</i></p>
Section G VENTILATION		
<p>G.3.2 Natural ventilation</p> <p><i>Note: Except otherwise stated in the following, any openable window or opening may be considered to be unobstructed and for the purposes of paragraph G.3.2.1, the effective open area may be taken as the entire area of the opening.</i></p> <p><i>(c) For any casement windows installed with restrictors and can be opened at least 30 degrees or more, the effective open area of the window shall be assumed to be 50% of the window opening. Where the window is restricted from opening to an angle less than 30 degrees,</i></p>	<p>G.3.2 Natural ventilation</p> <p><i>Note: Except otherwise stated in the following, any openable window or opening may be considered to be unobstructed and for the purposes of paragraph G.3.2.1, the effective open area may be taken as the entire area of the opening.</i></p> <p><i>(c) For windows other than sliding types (e.g. top hung windows, casement windows) that are installed with a fixed restrictor which does not allow the opening of the window beyond a certain angle, the effective open area shall be determined in accordance with the following formula.</i></p>	<p><i>Rules relaxation</i></p>

CURRENT VERSION 7.06	1 MARCH 2025 VERSION 7.07	COMMENTS
<p>the window shall be taken to have no effective open area for the purposes of paragraph G.3.2. 1.</p>	<p>Effective open area = internal clear width x internal clear height x sin θ</p> <p>Where: θ (theta) is the maximum angle formed between the open edge of the window and the frame when the window is fully opened. Internal clear width is the unobstructed width of the window opening. Internal clear height is the unobstructed height of the window opening.</p> <p>Illustrations:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Top-hung Window</p>  <p>$A_0 = a \times b \sin \theta$</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Casement Window (Open Outward)</p>  </div> </div> <p>A_0 = Effective open area (sqm) $A_0 = a \times b \times \sin \theta$</p>	

CURRENT VERSION 7.06	1 MARCH 2025 VERSION 7.07	COMMENTS
Section H Safety from Falling		
<p>E.3.3 Horizontal loading and design of glass panel barriers</p> <p>H.3.3.1A Notwithstanding paragraph H.3.3.1, in the case of a barrier in a project where the first structural plans have been submitted for approval by the Commissioner of Building Control before 1 April 2015, the vehicular barrier may be designed to be capable of resisting forces set out in BS 6399: Part 1 - Loading for buildings. Code of practice for dead and imposed loads.</p>	<p>E.3.3 Horizontal loading and design of glass panel barriers</p> <p>H.3.3.1A — Notwithstanding paragraph H.3.3.1, in the case of a barrier in a project where the first structural plans have been submitted for approval by the Commissioner of Building Control before 1 April 2015, the vehicular barrier may be designed to be capable of resisting forces set out in BS 6399: Part 1 — Loading for buildings. Code of practice for dead and imposed loads.</p>	<p><i>Remove the reference to old, superseded Singapore/ British Standards</i></p>
Section I Energy Efficiency		
<p>I ENERGY EFFICIENCY</p>	<p>I ENERGY EFFICIENCY SECTION I</p> <p><i>Section deleted and streamlined under the Building Control (Environmental Sustainability) Regulations 2008 (“BC (ES) Regulations”).</i></p>	<p><i>Deletion of Section I to minimise duplication.</i></p>
Section K Lifts and Escalators		
<p>K.2 Performance Requirement</p> <p>K.2.2 A building comprising 5 or more storeys (including the ground level) shall be provided with one or more passenger lifts.</p>	<p>K.2 Performance Requirement</p> <p>K.2.2 A building comprising 5 or more storeys (including the ground level and any basement level) shall be provided with one or more passenger lifts.</p>	<p><i>Add definition for clarity</i></p>

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Section O Protection from Injury by Vehicles in Buildings		
<p>O.3. Acceptable Solution</p> <p>O.3.3 Notwithstanding paragraph O.3.2, in the case of a vehicular barrier in a project where the first structural plans have been submitted for approval by the Commissioner of Building Control before 1 April 2015, the vehicular barrier may be designed to be capable of resisting forces set out in BS 6399- Part 1: Loading for Buildings. Code of Practice for Dead and Imposed Loads.</p>	<p>O.3. Acceptable Solution</p> <p>O.3.3 Notwithstanding paragraph O.3.2, in the case of a vehicular barrier in a project where the first structural plans have been submitted for approval by the Commissioner of Building Control before 1 April 2015, the vehicular barrier may be designed to be capable of resisting forces set out in BS 6399- Part 1: Loading for Buildings. Code of Practice for Dead and Imposed Loads.</p>	<p><i>Remove the reference to old, superseded Singapore/ British Standards</i></p>

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